

Borane-catalyzed Double C-H Silylation for the Synthesis of Silacyclic Compounds

<u>Yafang Dong</u>,² Kohei Sekine,^{1,2} Yoichiro Kuninobu^{1,2} (¹ Institute for Materials Chemistry and Engineering, Kyushu University; ² Interdisciplinary Graduate School of Engineering Sciences, Kyushu University)

Silacyclic compounds, such as silafluorene, phenoxasilin, and phenothiasilin derivatives, are attractive for applications as organic electronic materials and reagents. The common method to synthesize silacyclic compounds is lithiation of the corresponding dihalogenated biaryl or diaryl substrates and sequential reaction of dilithiated intermediates with dichlorosilanes. However, these reactions have problems, such as the waste of stoichiometric reagents, the tolerance of functional groups, and the difficulty in the synthesis of multi-substituted starting materials. Hence, the highly efficient and versatile synthetic methods of silacyclic compounds are desirable.

Herein, $B(C_6F_5)_3$ -catalyzed double sila-Friedel–Crafts reaction of amino group-substituted biphenyls or diaryl ethers or thioethers with dihydrosilanes was achieved. The reaction system is simple and efficient and can provide multi-substituted silafluorene, phenoxasilin, and phenothiasilin derivatives in high yields. The amino groups of these products can be converted to other substituents.



Scheme. Double C-H Silylation for the Synthesis of Silacyclic Compounds under Borane Catalysis

<参考文献>

- 1) Y. Dong, Y. Takata, Y. Yoshigoe, K. Sekine, Y. Kuninobu, Chem. Commun. 2019, 55, 13303–13306.
- 2) Y. Dong, M. Sakai, K. Fuji, K. Sekine, Y. Kuninobu, Beilstein J. Org. Chem. 2020, 16, 409-414.

発表者紹介

氏名	董 亜芳(どん あふぁん)
所属	九州大学 大学院総合理工学府
	物質理工学専攻
学年	博士課程2年
研究室	國信研究室

